

Cancer and the Aging Body

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No Disclosures

I have no financial relationships to disclose.

I will not discuss off label use and/or investigational use in my presentation.

Multiple Hit-Induced Multisystem Toxicity

CANCER PATIENT

Baseline risk factors

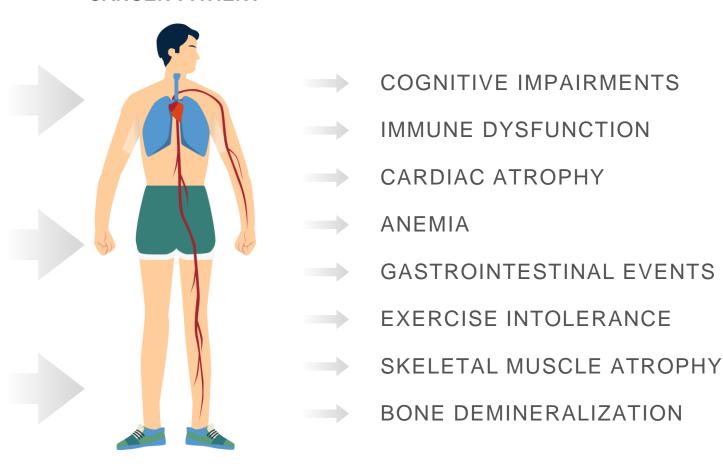
SMOKING, HYPERTENSION, AGE

'Direct' hit

CANCER / SURGERY / THERAPY

'Indirect' hit

SECONDARY TO CANCER / SURGERY/ THERAPY (E.G., DECONDITIONING)



Current Assessments

ASSESSMENT ACROSS THE CANCER CONTINUUM



DURING THERAPY

POST-THERAPY





CARDIAC, PULMONARY FUNCTION





CARDIAC, PULMONARY FUNCTION





CARDIAC, PULMONARY FUNCTION

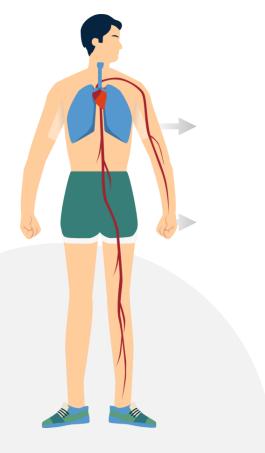






Current Management

PHARMACOLOGY ACROSS THE CANCER CONTINUUM







DURING THERAPY





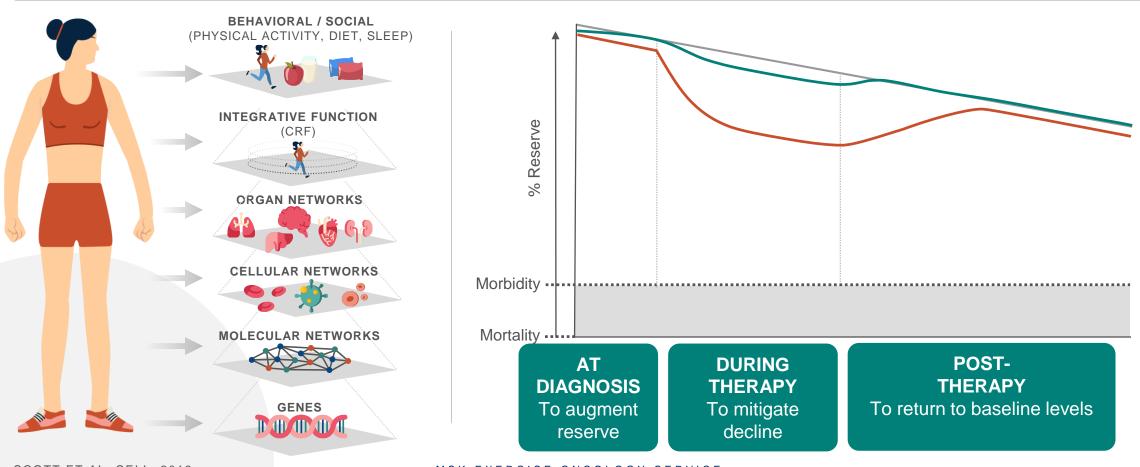
POST-THERAPY



Multisystem Countermeasures Program

PHENOTYPING

INTERVENTIONS ACROSS THE CANCER CONTINUUM



Phenotyping



Integrative: Geriatric Assessment

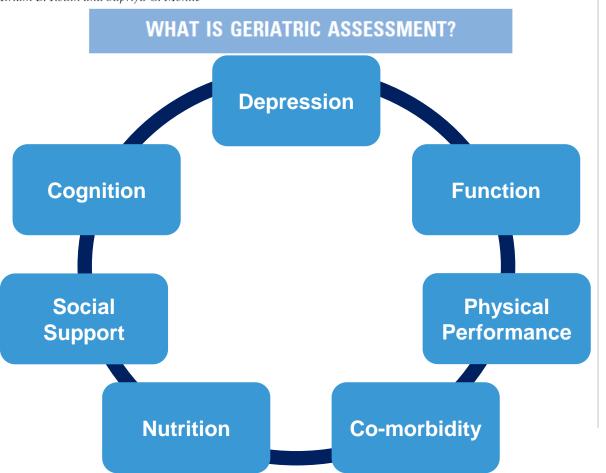
VOLUME 25 · NUMBER 14 · MAY 10 2007

JOURNAL OF CLINICAL ONCOLOGY

REVIEW ARTICLE

A Practical Approach to Geriatric Assessment in Oncology

Miriam B. Rodin and Supriya G. Mohile



FEASIBILITY

HURRIA ET AL. J CLIN ONCOL, 2011

PROGNOSTICATION

HURRIA ET AL. J CLIN ONCOL, 2011 EXTERMANN ET AL. CANCER, 2012

GA-GUIDED CLINICAL CARE

HURRIA ET AL. J CLIN ONCOL, 2016 CORRE ET AL. J CLIN ONCOL, 2016

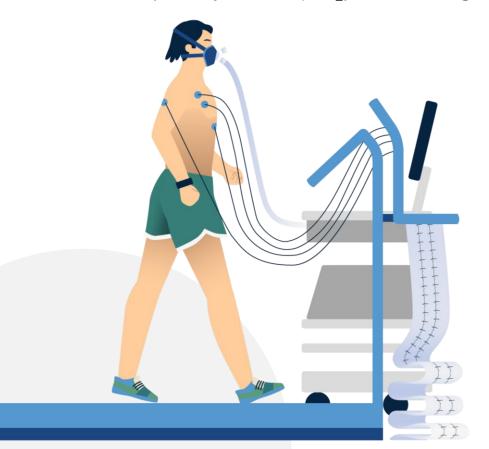
GA-GUIDED INTERVENTIONS

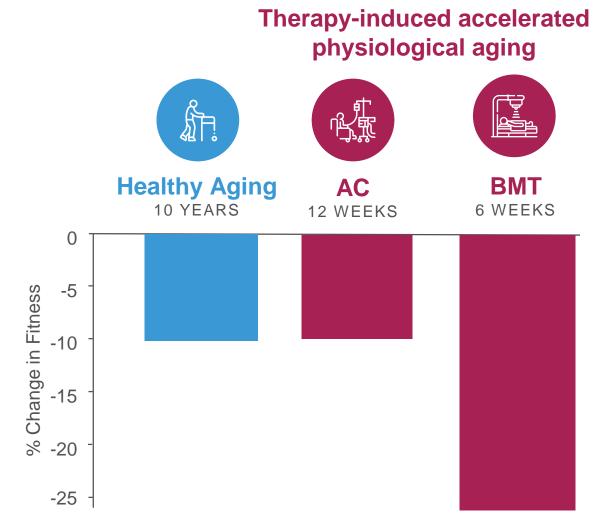
NADARAJA ET AL. J GERIATR ONCOL, 2020 DERMAN ET AL. J GERIATR ONCOL, 2021 LI ET AL. JAMA ONC, 2021

Integrative Physiological Function: Cardiorespiratory Fitness

Cardiopulmonary Exercise Test (CPET)

- Symptom limited cardiopulmonary exercise test
- Cardiorespiratory fitness (VO₂peak mL.kg⁻¹min⁻¹)



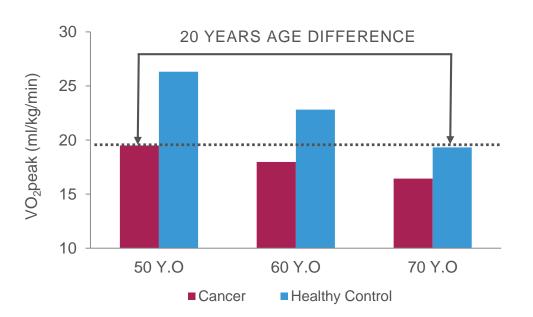


Integrative Physiological Function: Cardiorespiratory Fitness

STUDY #1:

Persistent Impairment

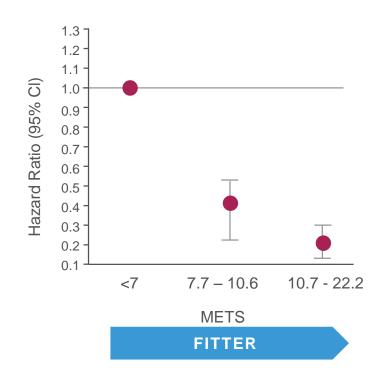
- Breast cancer (n=140)
- Healthy age-matched (n=107)
- 3 years post-therapy



STUDY #2:

Prognostic Importance

- Various Cancers (n=1,632)
- 5-year follow-up



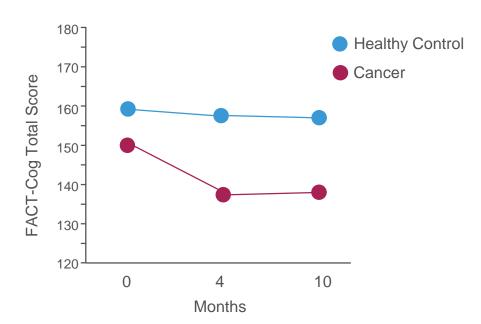
JONES ET AL. J CLIN ONCOL, 2012 GROARKE ET AL. EUR HEART J QUAL CARE CLIN OUTCOMES, 2020

Organ-Level Assessments

STUDY #1:

Cognitive Function

- Lymphoma (n=248)
- Healthy age-matched (n=212)
- Pre chemotherapy; at chemotherapy completion; 6 mo post chemotherapy

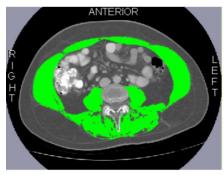


STUDY #2:

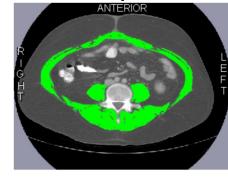
Pre-HCT Muscle

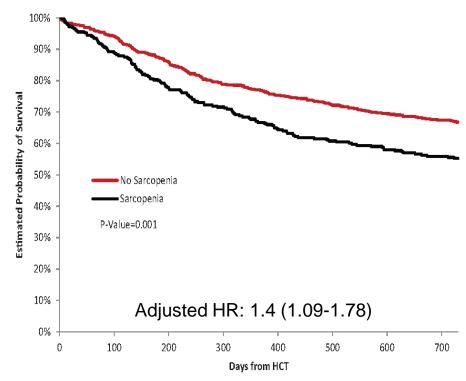
- Leukemia / MDS (n=859)
- 2-year follow-up

Non-Sarcopenic



Sarcopenic





JANELSINS ET AL. J NATL CANCER INST, 2021 ARMENIAN ET AL. J NATL CANCER INST, 2019

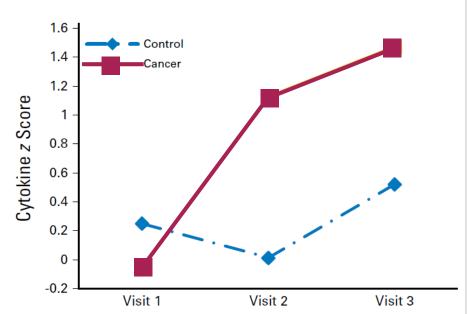
Blood-Based Biomarkers

STUDY #1:

Inflammatory Markers

- Breast cancer (n=248)
- Healthy age-matched (n=106)
- Pre chemotherapy; 6 mo post chemotherapy; 18 mo post chemotherapy

Cytokine z Score

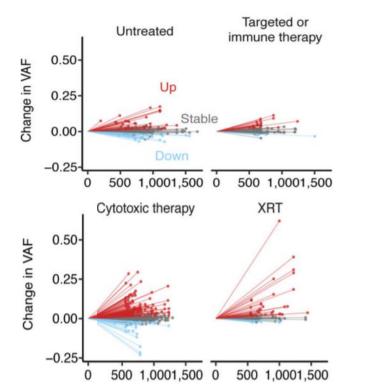


ALFANO ET AL. J CLIN ONCOL, 2017 BOLTON ET AL. NAT GENET, 2020 GIBSON ET AL. J CLIN ONCOL, 2017

STUDY #2:

Clonal Hematopoiesis

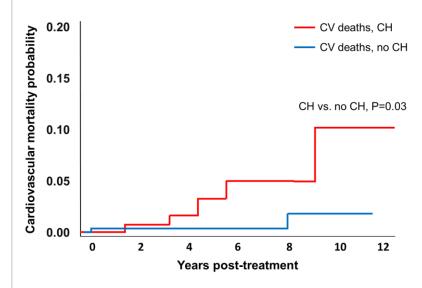
- Adult cancers (n=10,138)
- Cancer therapy exposed (n=5,978)
- Cancer therapy naïve (n=4,160)



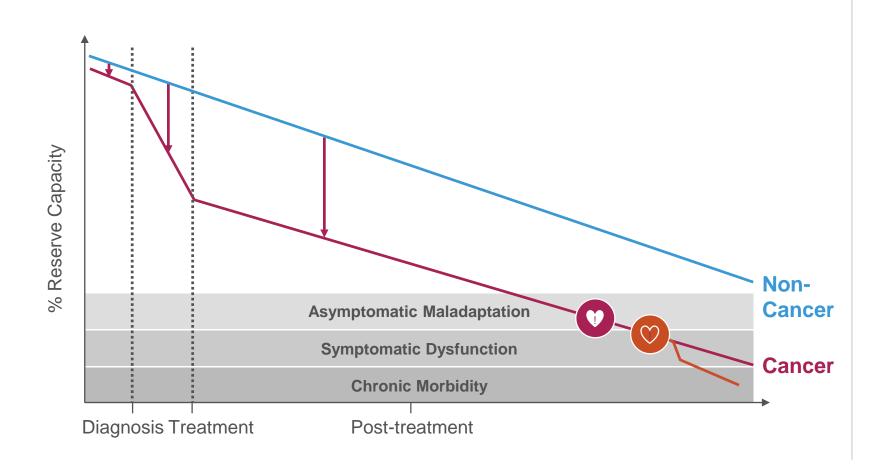
STUDY #3:

Clonal Hematopoiesis

- Non-Hodgkin lymphoma (n=401)
- With CH (n=120)
- Non-CH (n=281)



Summary: Aging Across the Cancer Continuum



Pre Treatment

∼17% lower

During Treatment

10%-20%

Acute Post Treatment

→ 30% lower

Chronic Post Treatment

1 20%-50%
IN EVENTS

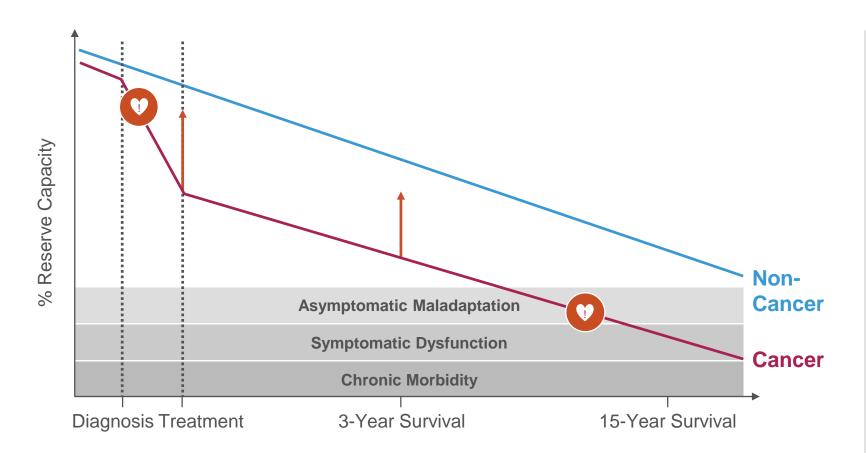
High Risk at Diagnosis

Reserve

Interventions



Exercise Training Across the Cancer Continuum



Pre Surgical



~40%

POST-OP EVENTS RISK

During Treatment

1

5%-10%

VO2 PEAK

Acute Post Treatment



10%-20%

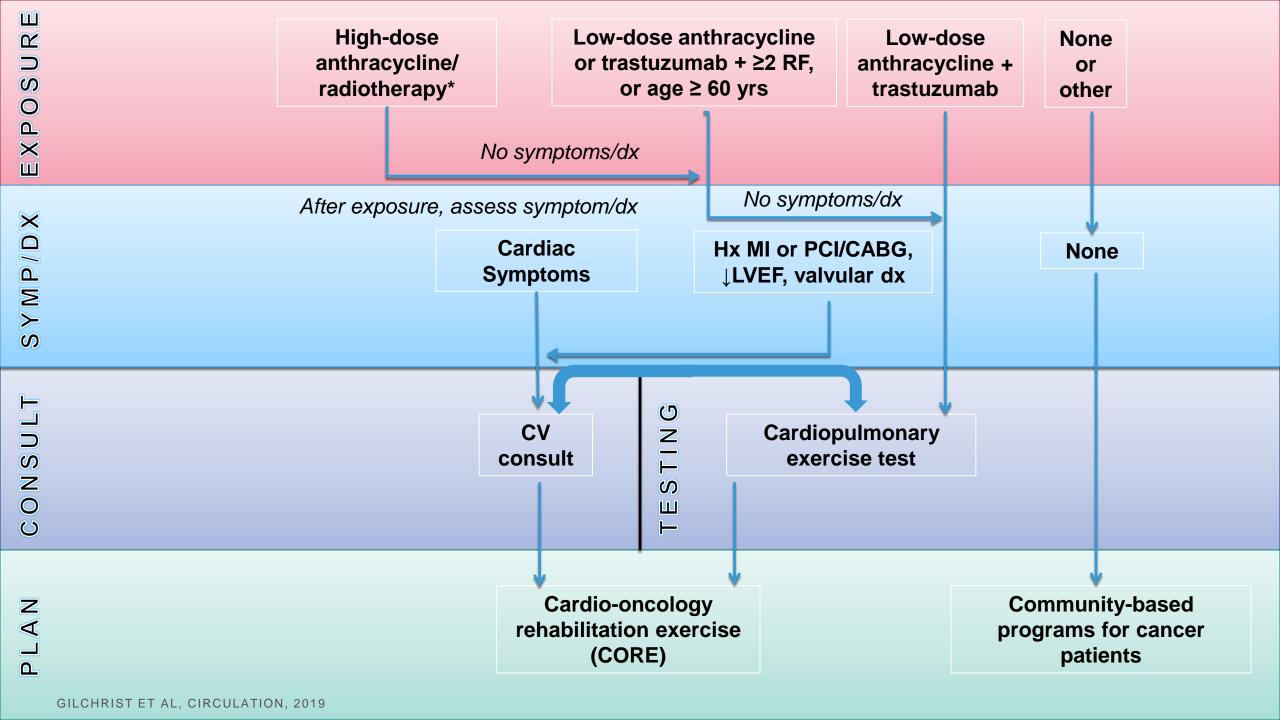
VO2 PEAK

Chronic Post Treatment



20%-40%

CVD EVENTS RISK



Randomized Exercise Trial in Chronologically Older Breast Cancer Survivors

Stretching vs. Resistance and Aerobic Exercise

- n=114 breast cancer survivors
- >2 years post-therapy
- Mean age: 71 years (64-87 years)

Randomized to 12 months supervised + 6 months unsupervised of:

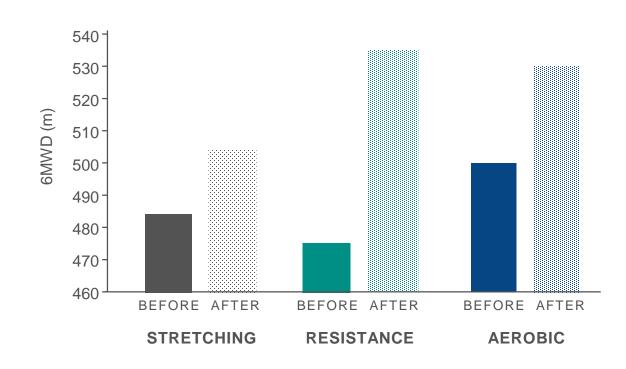
STRETCHING CONTROL (N=38)

RESISTANCE EXERCISE (N=39)



AEROBIC EXERCISE (N=37)

Study results



Randomized Exercise Trial in Phenotypically Older Breast Cancer Survivors

Stretching vs. Linear and Non-Linear Aerobic Exercise

- n=174 breast cancer survivors
- 1-5 years post-therapy
- Mean <u>chronological</u> age: 58 years
- Mean <u>physiological</u> age: 73 years

Randomized to 16 weeks of:

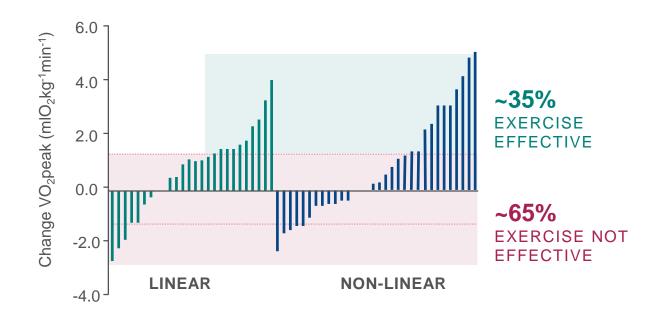
STRETCHING CONTROL (N=57)

LINEAR EXERCISE (N=58)

NON-LINEAR EXERCISE (N=59)



Individual Patient Response



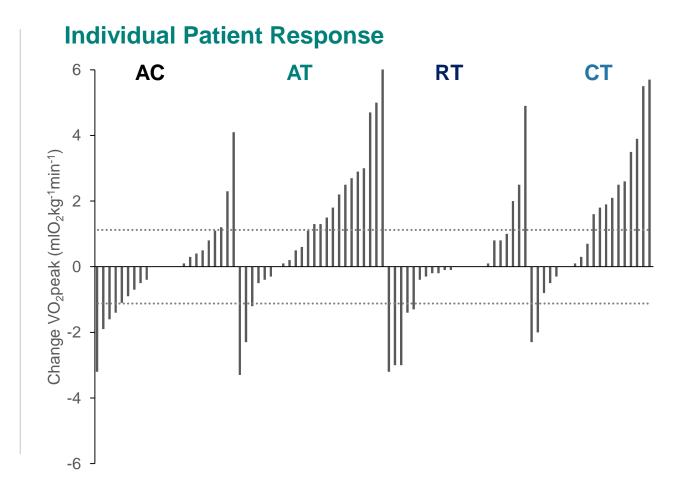
Randomized Exercise Trial in Older Lung Cancer Survivors

Stretching vs. Aerobic, Resistance, and Combined Exercise

- n=90 lung cancer survivors
- 1-10 years post-therapy
- Mean <u>chronological</u> age: 65 years
- Mean <u>physiological</u> age: >80 years

Randomized to 16 weeks of:





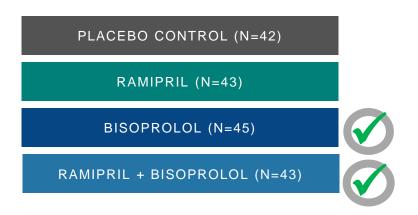
Randomized Pharmacological Cardioprevention Trial in Breast Cancer

Study results

Placebo versus ramipril, bisoprolol, or ramipril plus bisoprolol

- n=174 breast cancer patients
- Initiating anthracyclines +/- trastuzumab
- Mean <u>chronological</u> age: 48 years

Randomized to 1 year of:



GLS

RAMIPRIL

LVEF

GLS

BISOPROLOL

LVEF

R + B

GLS

5

LVEF

GLS

PLACEBO

LVEF

Phase I Senolytics Trial in Diabetic Kidney Disease

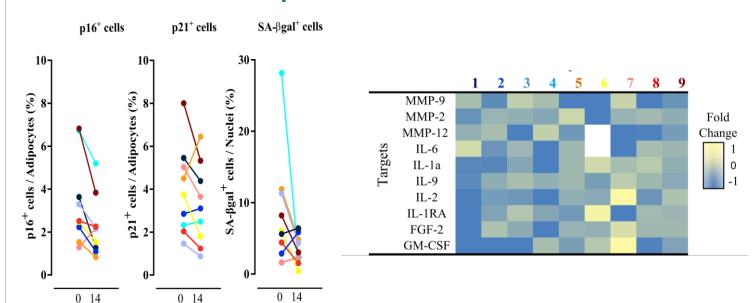
Dasatinib and Quercetin (D + Q)

- n=9 diabetic kidney disease
- Mean <u>chronological</u> age: 68 years

3 days of oral D 100 mg + Q 1000 mg

Adipose tissue, skin biopsies, and blood collected before and 11 days post-treatment

Individual Patient Response



SIGNIFICANT REDUCTION IN ABDOMINAL SUBCUTANEOUS ADIPOSE TISSUE SENESCENT CELLS

Treatment Day

Treatment Day

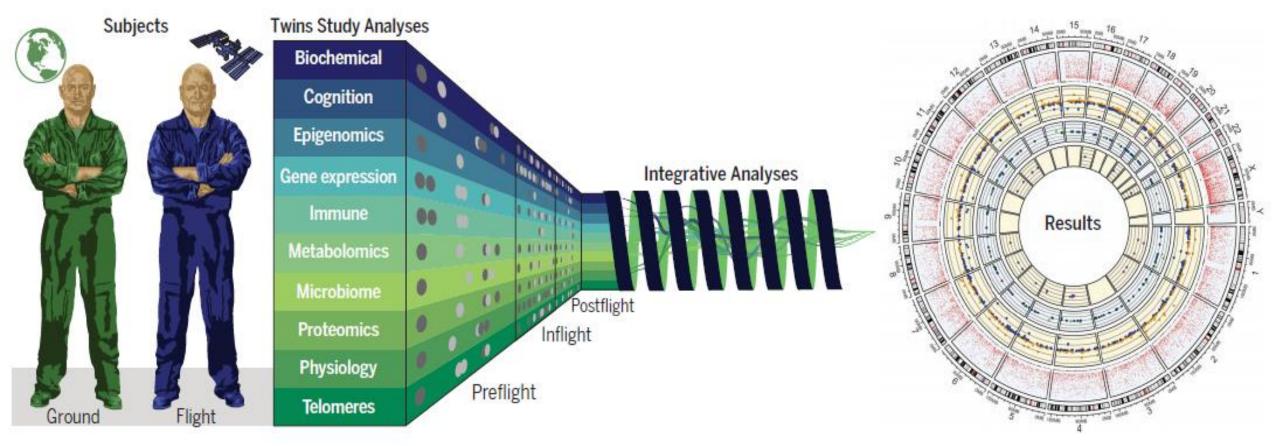
SIGNIFICANT REDUCTION IN PLASMA SASP FACTORS

Treatment Day

Future Directions



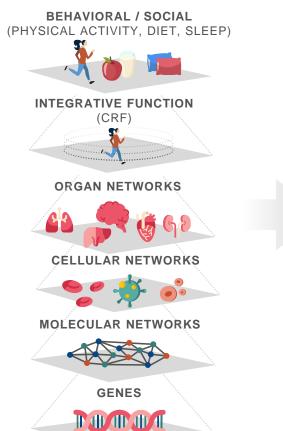
Spaceflight: Dense and Dynamic Phenotyping

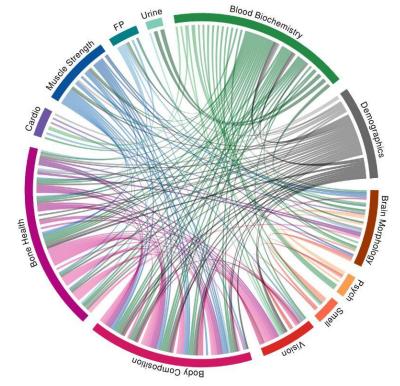


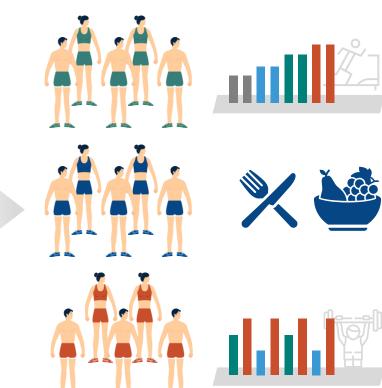
Multidimensional, longitudinal assays of the NASA Twins Study. (Left and middle) Genetically identical twin subjects (ground and flight) were characterized across 10 generalized biomedical modalities before (preflight), during (inflight), and after flight (postflight) for a total of 25 months (circles indicate time points at which data were collected). (Right) Data were integrated to guide biomedical metrics across various "omes" for future missions (concentric circles indicate, from inner to outer, cytokines, proteome, transcriptome, and methylome).

Targeted Intervention Strategies to Optimize Response Data Driven Approaches

INPUT DATA INTEGRATION / RISK STRATIFICATION OUTPUT: INTERVENTIONS BEHAVIORAL / SOCIAL (SICAL ACTIVITY DIET SLEED)



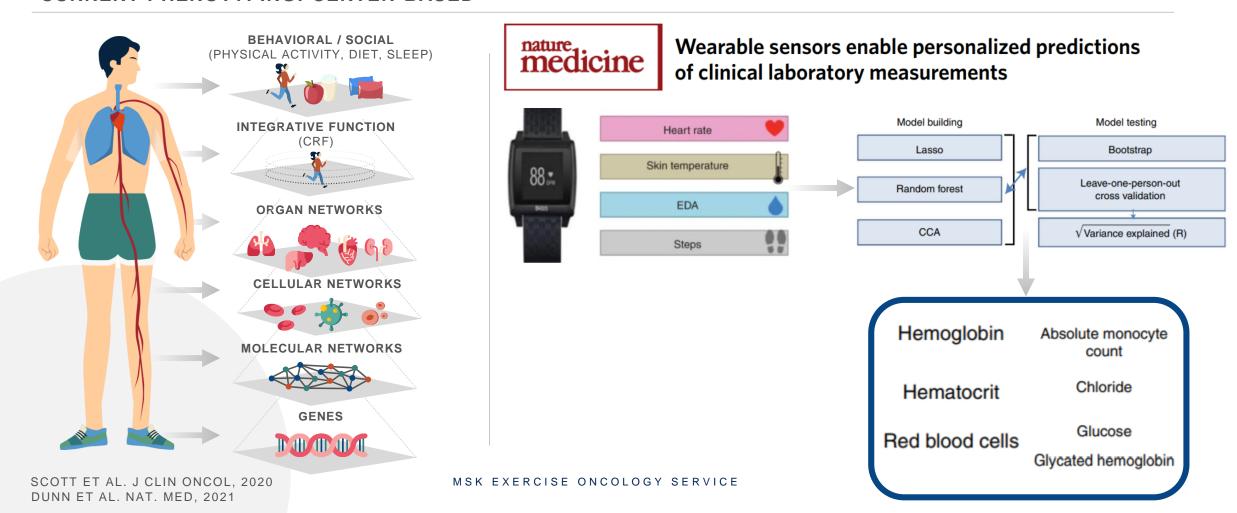




Digital Phenotyping

CURRENT PHENOTYPING: CENTER-BASED

NEXT FRONTIER: DIGITAL DYNAMIC PHENOTYPING



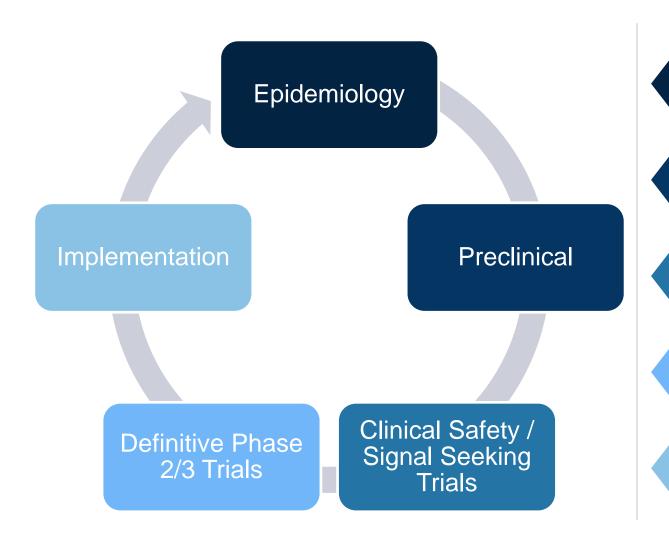
Digital Interventions

TELE-EX SOLUTION





Knowledge Gaps



EPIDEMIOLOGY

- Prognostic importance of biomarkers
- Risk stratification using dense and dynamic phenotyping

PRECLINICAL

- Mechanisms of multi-disease across the lifespan
- Intervention effects in appropriate models

CLINICAL SAFETY / SIGNAL SEEKING

- Phenotype-guided clinical care / interventions
- Individual patient responses

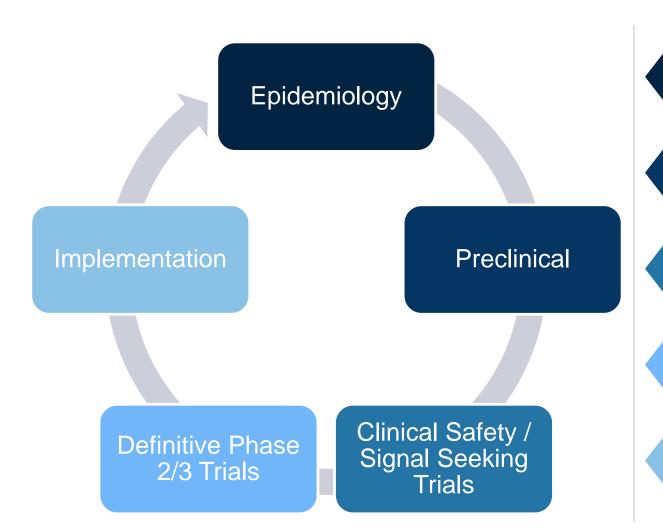
DEFINITIVE PHASE 2/3

- Effects of interventions on hard endpoints
- Multi-site trials

IMPLEMENTATION

- Patient / Clinician uptake
- Cost

Research Opportunities



EPIDEMIOLOGY

 Leverage existing sources (CCSS, CRDC) for 'systems' epidemiology

PRECLINICAL

- In vitro and in vivo models based on human data
- iPSC, organoids for modeling and interventions

CLINICAL SAFETY / FEASIBILITY

Sequential multiple assignment randomized trials (SMART)

DEFINITIVE PHASE 2/3

- Leverage clinical trials networks
- Digitized trials with centralized cores

IMPLEMENTATION

Multiphase optimization strategy (MOST)

Research Gaps

Leverage ongoing trials

National Institute of Arthritis and Musculoskeletal and Skin Diseases (NIAMS)

PAR-21-055:

- <u>Time-sensitive</u> mechanistic ancillary studies to ongoing clinical projects
- Identify <u>novel targets</u> for diagnosis, treatment, and prevention of disease
- Collaboration between <u>basic</u> and <u>clinical</u> investigators
- Collaborations in which a <u>senior</u> <u>investigator</u> from the parent study supports a <u>junior investigator</u> to serve as PI on an ancillary study are encouraged

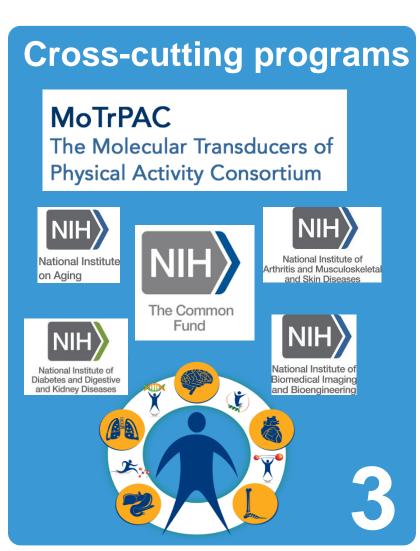
Standard measures



Optimized, minimal set of core measures:

- Costs of standard measures covered
- Single data repository

2



Acknowledgments



MSK Exercise Oncology Team

COLLABORATORS

- MSK: Lee Jones, Neil Iyengar, Anthony Yu, Chaya Moskowitz, Richard Do, Helena Furberg-Barnes
- NASA: Lori Ploutz-Snyder, Meghan Downs, Kirk English, Elizabeth Goetchius, Jeff Ryder, Nate Newby, David Martin, Kyle Hackney
- Queens University: Amber Simpson
- University of British Columbia: Neil Eves
- UCLA: Paul Boutros
- Mayo Clinic: Nathan LeBrasseur
- Duke University: Svati Shah, Michel Khouri







